

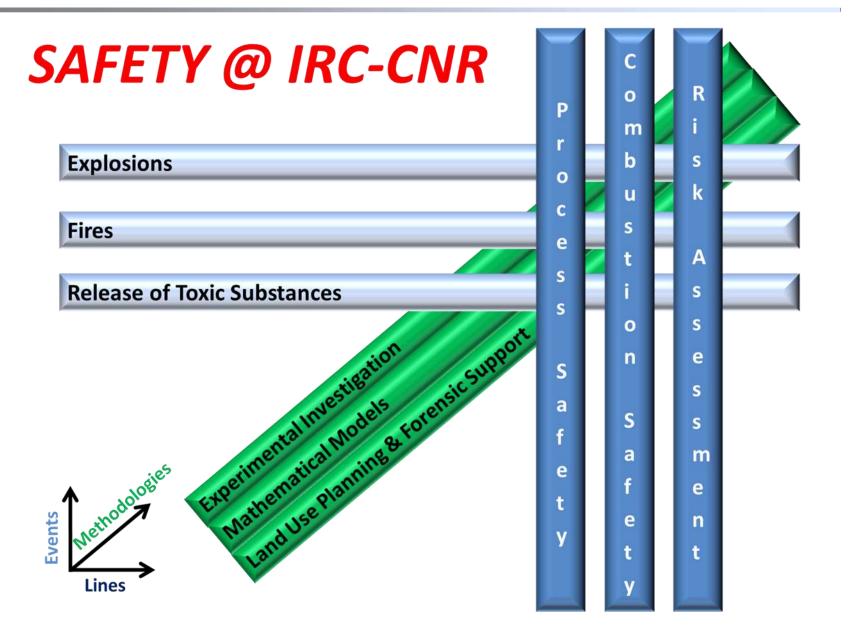


Istituto di Ricerche sulla Combustione

Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche

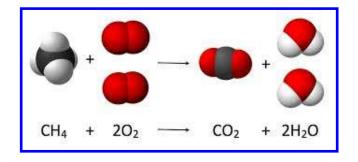


CONTEXT



CHALLENGE

from FUNDAMENTALS





to LARGE SCALE

through

Process Safety
 Combustion Safety
 Risk Assessment

SKILLS, METHODOLOGIES AND INSTRUMENTS



Ability to develop experimental prototypes/ protocols and predictive mathematical models for analysis, prevention and mitigation of the risk associated with explosions, fires and release of toxic



Siwek bomb







High-pressure stirred reactor

 High-pressure tubular

reactor

PC clusters for High Performance Computing





<u>Process Safety</u>: Loss of control of a chemical system (runaway phenomena); chemical instability; thermal explosion; industrial toxicology



<u>Combustion Safety</u>: Explosions of gas, dust and hybrid (gas-dust) systems; propagation and extinguishment of fires; response of materials to fires

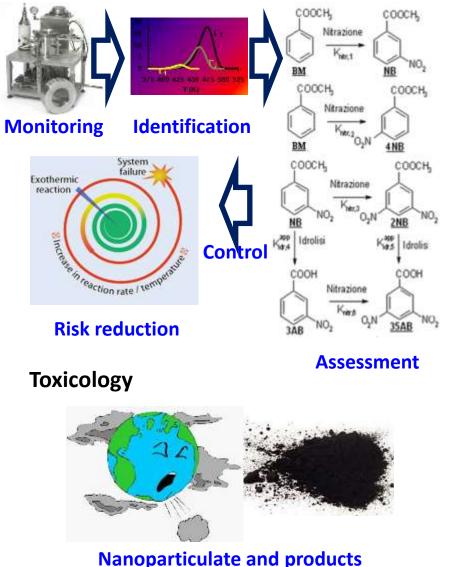


<u>Risk Assessment</u>: Development of methodologies for security, domino effect and Na-Tech; land use planning for industrial sites; methodologies for analysis of industrial hazards

Line 1: Process Safety

- Thermo-kinetic characterization of runaway phenomena: extrapolation of dynamic DSC data under conditions close to industrial operating conditions
- Identification of reactive species and reaction network in runaway phenomena: by means of calorimetric techniques and chromatographic analysis
- ✓ Global and detailed kinetic models of runaway phenomena
- detection of instabilities of chemical processes: Non-linear analysis and application of the bifurcation theory
- Chemical, physical and toxicological characterization of organic and inorganic particulate produced by combustion systems

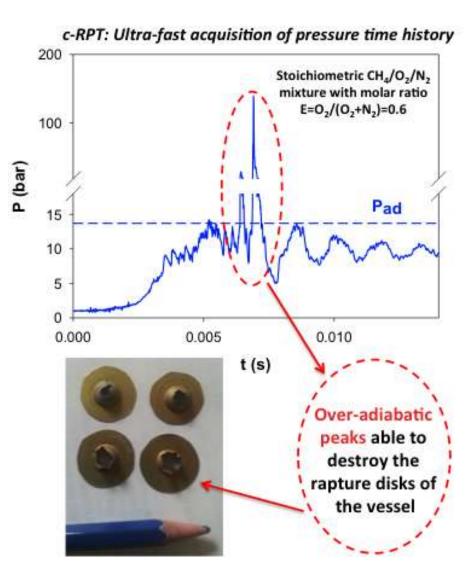
Thermo-kinetic characterization: Runaway



of thermal decomposition

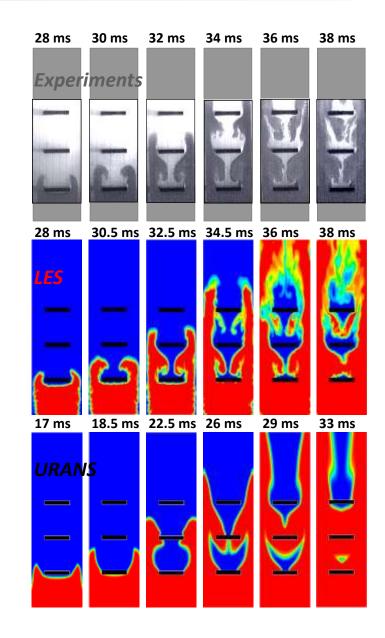
Experimental

- Fiammability and explosibility of gas, dust and hybrid (gas-dust) systems, even under extreme process conditions
- Flame propagation during deflagration, fast deflagration, deflagration, deflagration-to-detonation transition, direct detonation and combustion-induced Rapid Phase Transition (c-RPT)
- Flame extinction by means of ultra fine water mist
- Response of composite materials to fires



Modelling

- Detailed kinetic models to quantify flammability and explosibility parameters for gas, dust and hybrid (gas-dust) systems
- CFD models (URANS and LES) for simulation of unsteady reactive phenomena (explosion of gas, dispersion and ignition/explosion of dusts in turbulent fluid flow, flame extinction, etc.)
- Models based on cellular automata for real time prediction of propagation of forest fires
- Kinetic models for decomposition/combustion of composite materials and their char
- Transport models for ignition and combustion of polymeric materials in the cone calorimeter

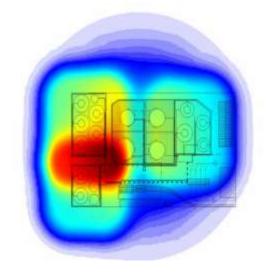


Line 3: Risk Assessment

- Risk assessment for the process industry, with specific reference to natural disaster interaction (NaTech)
- Cascading effects
- Security vulnerability assessment:
 Development of procedures for the assessment of large-scale accidental scenarios due to deliberate attacks and sabotages
- Land use planning for industrial sites
 (Seveso Directive)
- Consequence-based vulnerability functions for industrial equipment related to the loss of containment or energy







National Projects

PON – BioPolis, 2014-2016 ENI SpA – Security Vulnerability Assessment, 2014-2015 Dipartimento Protezione Civile – Na-Tech Rischio Vesuvio, 2009-2011 Prin 2008 – Na-Tech Rischio Etna, 2010-2012 MiSE/CNR, 2007-2014 Progetto Esecutivo Convenzione DPC/ReLUIS, 2014-2018 DSM SpA – Analisi di polveri esplosive, 2009-2014

European Projects

7FP STREST (AMRA), 2014-2017 7FP Large Scale Project INTEG-RISK, 2009-2013 Fike Europe Bvba, Belgium, 2013 Airlight Energy Manufacturing SA, Swizerland, 2014

PERSPECTIVES

Definition of an international R&D station for:

- Experiments and modelling of chemical processes, with specific reference to process safety (runaway phenomena, thermal explosion)
- Production through experiments and CFD models/simulations - of new experimental standards/prototypes and new software tools for the design of prevention and mitigation measures for accidental combustion phenomena (explosions and fires), in order to fulfill the future needs of chemical and manufacturing industry, as well as of fuel storage and distribution systems
 - Development of software tools for the analysis of cascading effects (domino, security vulnerability assessment, natural and technological disasters) within the analysis of disaster resilience, for the aims of civil protection actions and following H2020 requests
- Support to forensic actions

