

Gaseous and Aerosol Pollutants: Formation, Diagnostics and Abatement

BACKGROUND

Combustion pollutants scenario

Critical Problems:



Partially solved Problems:

NO_x, SO_x and heavy metals
mostly local pollution problems requiring control to ultra-low emissions

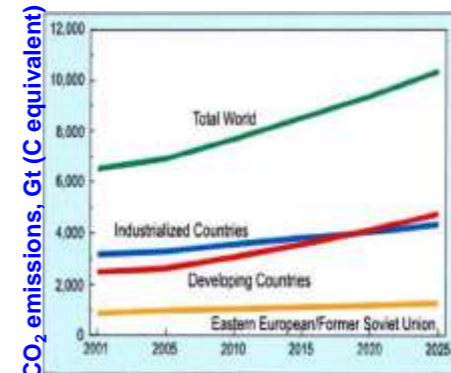


Solved Problems:

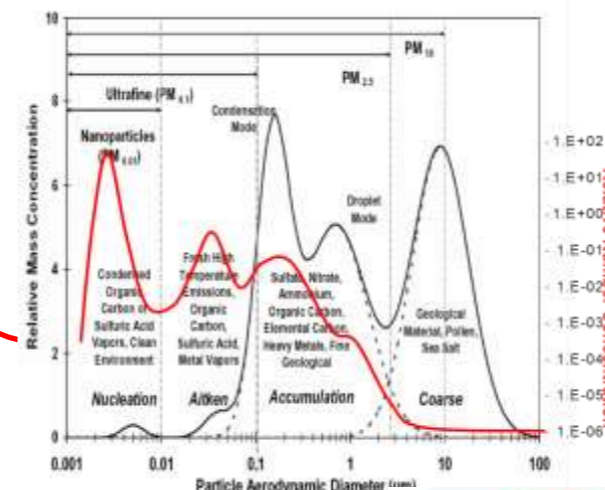
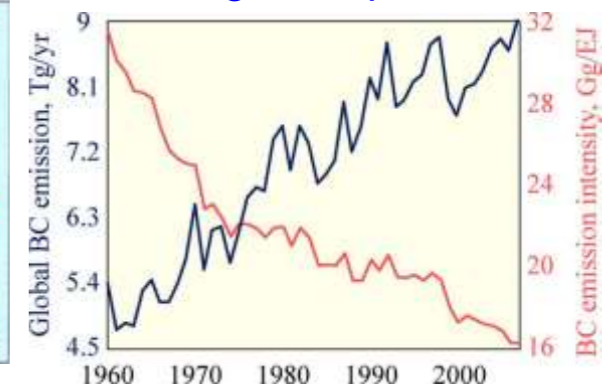
Lead concentrations decreased dramatically after regulations on lead content in gasoline



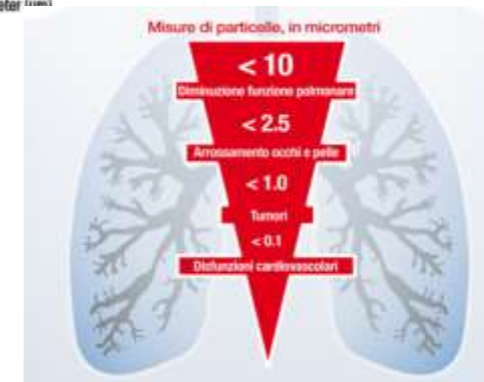
Previsional trend of **CO₂** emissions increase



Black carbon emission increases in spite of technological improvements



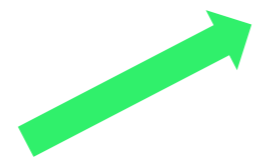
Ultrafine particles are the most abundant and deeply penetrate the respiratory system



CHALLENGE

The Major Challenges of the Project:

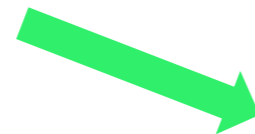
HORIZON 2020



Secure, clean and efficient energy



Smart, green and integrated transport



**Climate action, resource efficiency
and raw materials**

EXPERTISE, METHODS AND INSTRUMENTATION

Expertise

- Combustion chemistry and physics
- Characterization of organic and inorganic aerosols
- Optics and Spectroscopy
- Mass spectrometry
- On-line and off-line chemical-physical techniques
- Reactor design and operation
- Design of catalytic systems
- Heat and mass transfer and kinetics in multi-phase systems
- Fluid-dynamics of homogeneous and multi-phase systems

Methods

- Sampling and off-line chemical and spectroscopic analysis of pollutants
- On-line advanced diagnostics and gas analysis
- CFD simulation
- Sizing methods (scattering, LII, TRFA, Scanning Mobility Particle Sizing)
- Laser spectroscopy
- Scanning Probe Microscopy
- Experimental testing and modeling of multi-phase systems

Instrumentation

- Molecular beam mass spectrometer
- Mass spectrometric, spectroscopic and chromatographic instruments
- Differential Mobility Analyzer
- Laser diagnostics
- Atomic Force Microscope
- Raman Microscope
- SEM/EDX
- Lab-scale catalytic and multi-phase reactors
- On-line gas analyzers

Researchers

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PROJECT LINES

1 - Formation mechanisms of pollutants in combustion sources



2 - New diagnostics for the monitoring of regulated and unregulated pollutant emissions from combustion sources



3 - Reduction of pollutant emissions from combustion/gasification sources



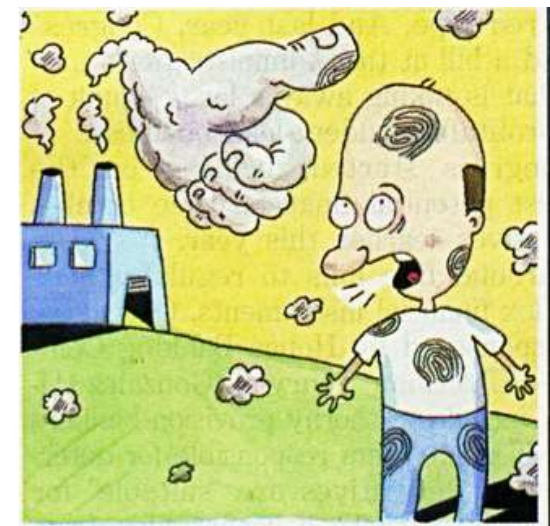
PROJECT LINE: Formation mechanisms of pollutants in combustion sources

Present activities @ IRC

- ✓ Experimental and theoretical studies of particle inception and dynamic of granular systems
 - Particle inception
 - Surface growth
 - Particle coagulation/agglomeration
 - Oxidation kinetics
- ✓ Chemical- Physical Characterization of particulate matter from fossil and alternative fuels combustion
 - Fine and ultrafine particles
 - Organic particles
 - Inorganic particles
 - PAH and other large molecules

Mid-term vision

- ✓ Generation of a comprehensive pollutant database
 - Complete understanding of soot formation mechanism
 - Identification of new classes of pollutants
 - Identification of true sources of air pollutants using their “fingerprints”



PROJECT LINE: New diagnostics for the monitoring of regulated and unregulated pollutant emissions from combustion sources

Present activities @ IRC

Methods

- ✓ In-situ, on-line and off line advanced diagnostics of ultrafine particles
- ✓ Conventional techniques for regulated pollutants
- ✓ Development of new techniques for regulated and unregulated pollutants
- ✓ Advanced diagnostic of flame instabilities

Systems

- ✓ Fossil and alternative fuels combustion
- ✓ Laboratory flames – premixed, diffusion, laminar, turbulent
- ✓ Engines
- ✓ Domestic burners
- ✓ Pre-pilot plants

Mid-term vision

- ✓ Real-time diagnostics for regulated and unregulated pollutants
- ✓ Real time control of the stability of clean combustion processes
- ✓ Improvement of carbon capture and sequestration processes



PROJECT LINE: Reduction of pollutant emissions from combustion/ gasification sources

Present activities @ IRC

- ✓ Non-conventional methods for NO_x and SO_2 reduction from combustion sources:
 - Sea Water Scrubbing + Low Temperature NH_3 -SCR for combined SO_2 and NO_x reduction in marine diesel engine application;
 - NO_x storage-decomposition for automotive application.
- ✓ Development of novel regenerable Mn-based sorbents for enhanced mercury vapor capture from combustion/gasification flue gases.
- ✓ Reduction of oxygen and non-condensable gases through controlled post-combustion for purification of CO_2 streams.
- ✓ Particulate emissions reduction through water vapor condensation.
- ✓ Combined particulate and NO_x reduction in novel regenerable catalytic filters.

Mid-term vision

- ✓ Ultra-low particulate, NO_x and SO_2 emissions from marine engines and automotive exhausts.
- ✓ Cost-effective capture technologies for heavy metals and trace elements.



MAIN COLLABORATIONS/PROJECTS

Research partners

•Collaborations:

- Università di Napoli Federico II
- Seconda Università di Napoli
- Politecnico di Milano
- CNISM Consorzio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Scienze Fisiche della Materia
- INFN Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
- Centro Interdipartimentale Scansetti di Torino
- CNRS
- Ecole Normale Supérieure Paris (ENS)
- Sincrotrone Trieste S.C.P.A.
- Lund University
- ENEA
- Imperial College
- Illinois Institute of Technology
- Nanyang Technological University (Singapore)

Industrial Partners

•Collaborations :

- ENEL Produzione S.P.A. – Ricerca
- Ansaldo Energia
- Elasis

Funded Projects

- CNR-MSE finanziato dal Fondo per la ricerca per il sistema elettrico per le tematiche "Carbone Pulito-CO₂ Capture" e "Biocombustibili"
- Contratto IRC-DICMAPI (UniNA) nell'ambito del progetto europeo FP7 Deecon
- Progetto TRIM Cluster "Trasporti"
- FIRB Futuro in Ricerca 2012 – Progetto SOLYST
- PRIN 2008



FUTURE VISION



- ✓ New guidance for the Strategic Energy Technology (SET) Plan and future emission regulation
- ✓ Pollution source assignment
- ✓ Advanced sensors for smart emission control in integrated grid
- ✓ Reduction of the adverse impact of combustion processes on the climate and health
- ✓ Multi-pollutant reduction systems, combining different capture technologies in one reactor.
- ✓ Deep purification of CO₂ streams for compression and sequestration.

